

DOE Electrolysis-Utility Integration Workshop September 22, 2004

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Xcel Energy

Xcel Energy and Wind

- Who we are?
- Amount of wind?
- Issues and Experiences

Xcel Energy Utilities



- Northern States Power
- Cheyenne Light
- PSC of Colorado
- Southwestern PSC

Wind on Xcel Energy Systems

<u>System</u>	<u>Contracted Wind</u>	<u>2004 Capacity Penetration</u>	<u>2004 Energy Penetration</u>
NSP	481	5.8%	3.1%
PSCo	222	3.6%	2.0%
SPS	165	3.5%	1.8%

Planned Wind on System

<u>System</u>	<u>2010 Wind</u>	<u>2010 Capacity Penetration</u>	<u>2010 Energy Penetration</u>
NSP	1125	12.3%	6.5%
PSCo	722	10.2%	5.8%
SPS	445	9.0%	4.3%

Wind's Value

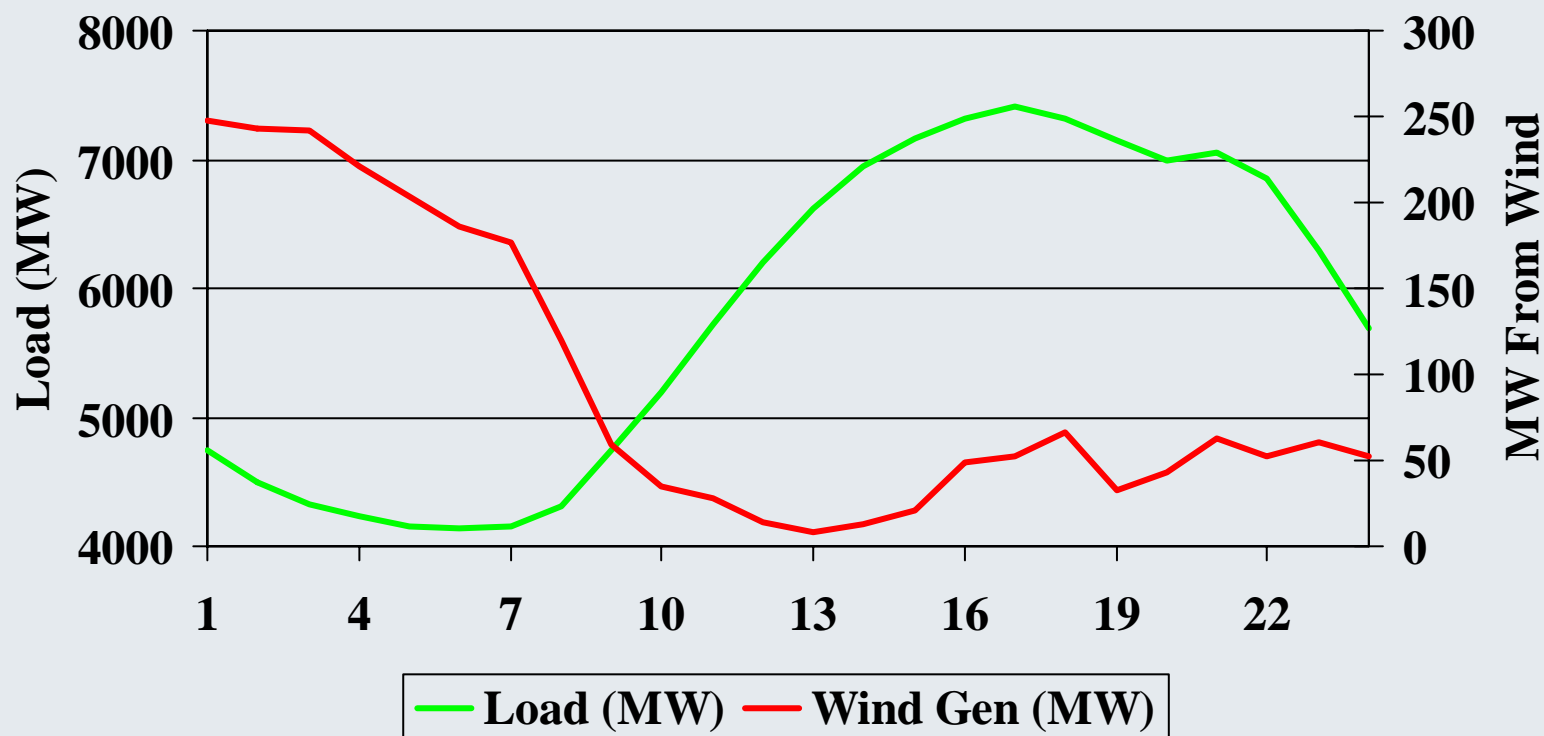
- Cheapest resource with federal production tax credit
 - SPS < \$25/MWh
 - NSP < \$30/MWh
 - PSCo < \$35/MWh, but expect lower
- No emissions
- 1-2 year lead times
- Hedge against gas prices
- Why isn't wind the perfect generation solution?*

Why Isn't Wind "the" Solution?

- Intermittent: does not blow all the time
- More unpredictable than other sources
- → Operational impacts
- Wind generation at Xcel Energy does not match hourly demands
- Transmission: distance from load centers
- ... *Wind is a part of the solution*

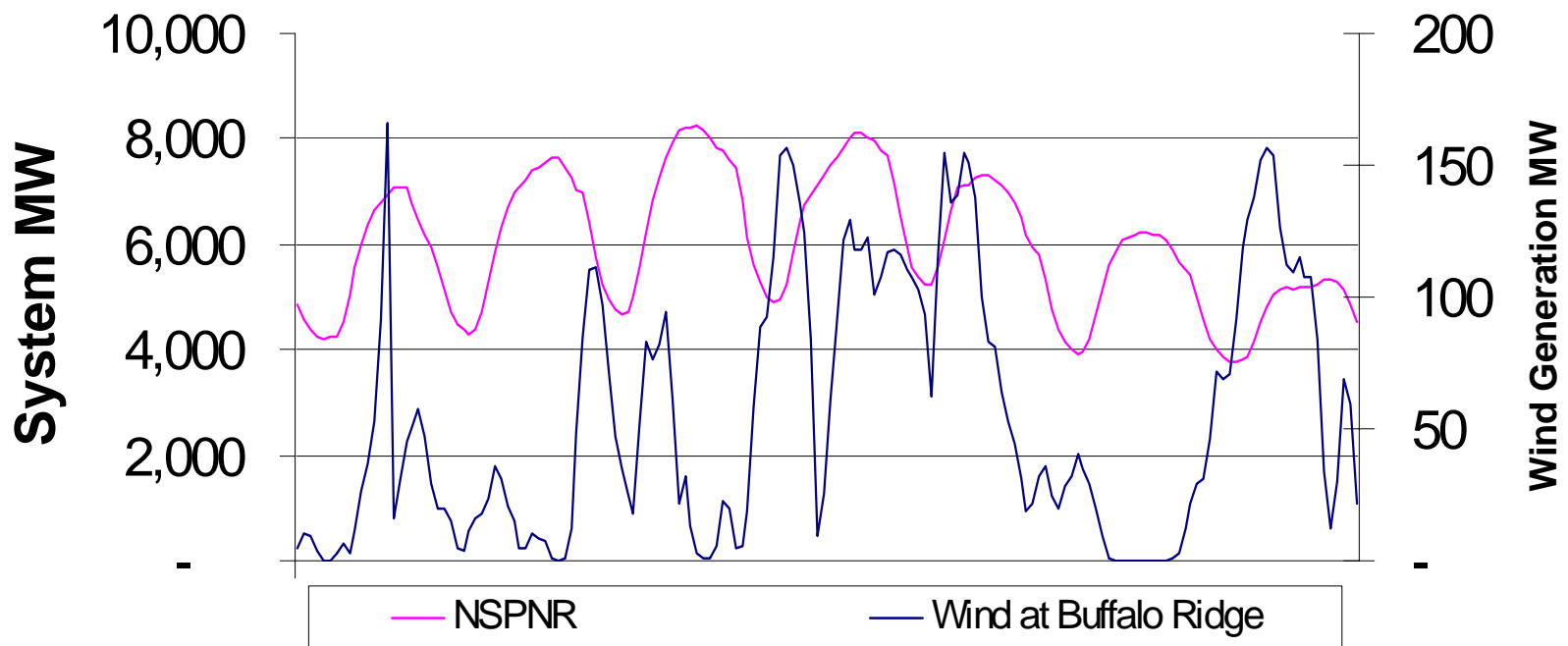
Intermittent Source

NSP - 8/24/2003



More Unpredictable

Wind Generation During 2002 System Peak Week (July 28 - August 3)



Power Operation Issues

- Intermittence causes scheduling challenges
 - 3-day horizon
 - Purchase and generation commitments, units either off or on
 - Cannot start or stop other plants on a “dime”
- System regulation and load following costs
 - Do not have a perfect forecast
 - Electricity can not be stored, generation must match use
 - Back down economic units or dispatch less economic units
 - More units capacity assigned to regulation or load following
 - More area control error → NERC reliability concern

Power Operation Impacts

- Impacts are system-specific
- **Impacts add costs for our customers**
- Higher penetration → higher extra costs

Wind Integration Studies - NSP

- 2001: 280 MW on 8,000 MW system
 - Total \$1.85/MWh
 - Missed
 - Opportunity cost of using load following potential earlier than otherwise
 - Increased maintenance costs on plants

Wind Integration Studies - NSP

- 2004: 1500 MW on 10,000 MW system
 - Total \$4.60/MWh
 - Missed
 - Opportunity cost of using load following potential earlier than otherwise
 - Increased maintenance costs on plants

Wind Integration Studies - SPS

- 2004 Hirst Study

- Analyzed cost of different amounts of wind on system
- 200 to 2000 MW on 4000 MW SPS system

Wind Integration Studies - SPS

<u>Wind Amount</u> <u>(MWs)</u>	<u>Break Even Payments to Wind</u>
0	\$29/MWh
200	\$26 /MWh
400	\$23 /MWh
1000	\$17 /MWh
2000	\$8 /MWh

Power Operation Impacts

- Increased operations and maintenance costs
 - More starts and stops on plants
 - More thermal cycling on plants
 - Both shorten time between maintenance overhauls
- Cost impact has **not** been analyzed

Potential Power Impact Solutions

•Solutions

- Live with it and bear cost increases
- Storage
 - Compressed Air
 - Pumped Storage
 - Positive cost-benefit elusive
- Load that matches output and can be tied to it
 - Not explored much
 - H2 production is possibility
 - Positive cost-benefit elusive

Xcel Energy

Renewable Development Fund

- 2001 Results

- No requests for wind-electrolysis research

- 2004 Results

- Wind-electrolysis requests: 2
- Wind-electrolysis projects selected: 0

Transmission

- Wind farms are not near load centers
- Wind often cannot support transmission upgrade costs by themselves
 - 30 to 35% capacity factor
 - Generation at time of peak demand is low
- Lead time mismatch between wind generation and transmission construction
- RTOs/FERC protocols make resolution more difficult

Distributed Wind

- Definition

- Small wind
- Distributed sites
- Connect to distribution system

- Xcel Energy Experiences

- Energy more costly than large wind farms (~30%)
- Higher administrative costs
- Less sophisticated owners → middle person
- Not the least cost wind option

Wind Summary

- Good environmental characteristics
- Good pricing characteristics [$f(\text{PTC})$]
- Poor operating characteristics
 - not dispatchable
 - intermittent
 - causes operating problems

Wind Summary

- Research solutions to operating cost issues
- Research storage issues → reduce costs
- Research demand side partnerships
 - Electrolysis
 - Resistance loads
 - Achieve positive cost-benefit conclusion
- **Regardless, part of future supply solution**

